Grades Initial-8

BOWED STRING GRADES: requirements and information

This syllabus is valid for 2020-2023.

This section provides a summary of the most important points that teachers and candidates need to know when taking ABRSM graded bowed string exams. Further details, as well as administrative information about the exams, are given in ABRSM's Exam Regulations (available at www.abrsm.org/examregulations) which should be read before making an exam booking.

Changes in the 2020-2023 syllabus

There are two main changes in this syllabus:

- Initial Grade is introduced; this pre-Grade 1 exam follows the format of Grades 1–8 and is assessed using the same marking criteria
- A string accompaniment option is offered for some pieces at Grades Initial-3.

Entering for an exam

Eligibility: There are nine grades of exam for each instrument. Candidates may be entered for any grade at any age and do not need to have taken other grade(s) on the same instrument. Candidates for a Grade 6, 7 or 8 exam must have already passed ABRSM Grade 5 (or above) in Music Theory, Practical Musicianship or a solo Jazz instrument; for full details, including a list of accepted alternatives, see www.abrsm.org/prerequisite.

Access: ABRSM is committed to providing all candidates with fair access to its assessments by putting in place access arrangements and reasonable adjustments. There is a range of alternative tests and formats as well as guidelines for candidates with specific needs (see www. abrsm.org/specificneeds). Where a candidate's needs are not covered by the guidelines, each case is considered individually. Further information is available from the Access Co-ordinator (accesscoordinator@abrsm.ac.uk).

Exam booking: Details of exam dates, locations, fees and how to book an exam are available online at www.abrsm.org/exambooking.

Instruments

Candidates are required to perform on acoustic instruments (electric instruments are not allowed). Any size of instrument may be used; Viola candidates may play on a violin strung as a viola. Examiners apply the marking criteria (which include the assessment of pitch, tone and musical shaping) to assess musical outcomes without reference to the specific attributes of the instrument.

Elements of the exam

All ABRSM graded bowed string exams consist of: three Pieces; Scales and arpeggios; Sightreading; and Aural tests. In all grades, marks are allocated as follows:

Pieces: 1	30
2	30
3	30
Scales and arpeggios	21
Sight-reading	21
Aural tests	18
Total	150

Marking scheme: Exams are marked out of 150. 100 marks are required for a Pass, 120 for a Merit and 130 for a Distinction. Candidates do not need to pass each section to pass overall. See pp. 106–107 for the marking criteria used by examiners.

Pieces

Musicians learn to play an instrument to explore and perform repertoire, which is why pieces are at the core of the exam – candidates are asked to present three at each grade. The syllabus repertoire is organised into three lists which explore different traditions and styles, dating from the Renaissance period to the present day.

Choosing one piece from each list gives candidates the opportunity to play a balanced selection and demonstrate a range of skills. In this syllabus, the pieces are broadly grouped into lists by the characteristics of the music:

- List A pieces are generally faster moving and require technical agility
- List B pieces are more lyrical and invite expressive playing
- List C pieces reflect a wide variety of musical traditions, styles and characters.

Most of the pieces require an accompaniment, as interacting with other musicians is an important musical skill, but there are also opportunities to choose solo pieces and develop confidence with unaccompanied playing.

We hope that by offering this variety in the syllabus, candidates will find music that inspires them and that they enjoy learning and performing.

Programme planning: Candidates must choose one piece from each of the three lists (A, B and C)*. In the exam, candidates should tell the examiner which pieces they are performing, and they are welcome to use the form on p. 109 for this.

Every effort has been made to feature a broad range of repertoire to suit and appeal to candidates of different ages, backgrounds and interests. Certain pieces may not be suitable for every candidate for technical reasons or because of wider context (historical, cultural, subject matter of the larger work from which it is drawn, lyrics if an arrangement of a song etc.). Pieces should be carefully considered for their appropriateness to each individual, which may need consultation between teachers and parents/guardians. Teachers and parents/guardians should also exercise caution when allowing younger candidates to research pieces online: www.nspcc. org.uk/onlinesafety.

^{*} Grade 8 Violin candidates must choose at least one accompanied piece (there are solo pieces on all three lists).

Accompaniment: A live piano or string (where the option is listed) accompaniment is required for all pieces, except those which are published as studies or unaccompanied works (these are marked SOLO in the syllabus list).

At Grades Initial–3, candidates may perform some or all of their pieces with a string accompaniment. Pieces that are published as duets (or with string accompaniment only) are marked <code>DUET</code> in the syllabus list. Pieces that are published with piano and string accompaniment options are marked <code>PF/VN</code>, <code>PF/VA</code>, <code>PF/VO</code>, or <code>PF/DB</code> in the syllabus list, and may be performed with either accompaniment in the exam.

Candidates must provide their own accompanist(s), who can only be in the exam room while accompanying. The candidate's teacher may accompany (examiners will not). If necessary, an accompanist may simplify any part of the accompaniment, as long as the result is musical. Recorded accompaniments are not allowed.

Exam music & editions: Wherever the syllabus includes an arrangement or transcription (appearing as 'arr.' or 'trans.' in the syllabus list), the edition listed in the syllabus must be used in the exam. For all other pieces, editions are listed for guidance only and candidates may use any edition of their choice (in- or out-of-print or downloadable). Information on sourcing exam music is given on p. 13.

Interpreting the score: Printed editorial suggestions such as fingering, bowing, metronome marks, realisation of ornaments etc. do not need to be strictly observed. Whether the piece contains musical indications or not, candidates are encouraged to interpret the score in a musical and stylistic way. Examiners' marking will be determined by how control of pitch, time, tone, shape and performance contributes to the overall musical outcome.

Vibrato: The use and control of vibrato, and its effect on tone and shape, will be taken into account by examiners, who will be assessing the overall musical outcome. Pieces that are heavily reliant on vibrato for their full musical effect tend not to appear in the syllabus before around Grade 5.

Repeats: Unless the syllabus specifies differently, all da capo and dal segno indications should be followed but other repeats (including first-time bars) should not be played unless they are very short (i.e. a few bars).

Cadenzas & tuttis: Cadenzas should not be played unless the syllabus specifies differently. Accompanists should cut lengthy orchestral tutti sections.

Performing from memory: Candidates may perform any of their pieces from memory; if doing so, they must make sure that a copy of the music is available for the examiner to refer to. No extra marks are awarded for playing from memory.

Page-turns: Examiners will be understanding if a page-turn causes a lack of continuity during a piece, and this will not affect the marking. Candidates (and accompanists) may use an extra copy of the music or a photocopy of a section of the piece (but see 'Photocopies' on p.11) to help with page-turns. Candidates and accompanists at Grades 6–8 may bring a page-turner to the exam if there is no solution to a particularly awkward page-turn (prior permission is not required; the turner may be the candidate's teacher). Examiners are unable to help with page-turning.

Photocopies: Performing from unauthorised photocopies (or other kinds of copies) of copyright editions is not allowed. ABRSM may withhold the exam result where it has evidence of an illegal copy (or copies) being used. In the UK, copies may be used in certain limited circumstances – for full details, see the MPA's *Code of Fair Practice* at www.mpaonline.org.uk. In all other cases, application should be made to the copyright holder before any copy is made, and evidence of permission should be brought to the exam.

Scales and arpeggios

Playing scales and arpeggios is important for building strong technical skills such as reliable finger movement, hand position, co-ordination and fingerboard fluency. It also helps to develop tone, pitch and interval awareness, and familiarity with keys and their related patterns. This leads to greater confidence and security when sight-reading, learning new pieces and performing – from a score or from memory, as a solo musician or with others.

Memory: All requirements should be played from memory.

Range: All requirements should be played from the lowest possible tonic/starting note unless the syllabus specifies differently. They should ascend and descend according to the specified range (and pattern).

Rhythm: For most major and minor scales (and double-stop scales in parallel sixths/octaves) candidates may choose between two rhythm patterns: even notes *or* long tonic. The scale to a fifth (Initial Grade) should be played in even notes.

Patterns: Arpeggios and dominant sevenths are required in root position only. All dominant sevenths should finish by resolving on the tonic. Examples of scale/arpeggio etc. patterns found in this syllabus are given on pp. 14–15. Fully notated versions of the requirements are published by ABRSM.

Fingering: Candidates may use any fingering that produces a successful musical outcome.

Speed: Bowing will generally dictate the tempi of slurred scales and arpeggios. Separately-bowed requirements should be played briskly, using no more than half the bow length. The speeds on pp.16–19 are given as a general guide.

In the exam: Initial Grade candidates should play all three requirements when asked for their scales. The examiner will prompt the keys/ranges where necessary.

At Grades 1–8, examiners will usually ask for at least one of each scale/arpeggio (etc.) type. They will ask for majors followed by minors within each type, and also ask to hear a balance of the separately-bowed and slurred requirements. When asking for requirements, examiners will specify:

- the key* (including minor form harmonic *or* melodic in the Grade 6–8 scales) or the starting note
- separate bows *or* slurred (except for where the requirements are to be prepared with separate bows *only* e.g. Grade 1 arpeggios).
- * Where keys at Grades 6–8 are listed enharmonically $Db/C\sharp$ and $Ab/G\sharp$ the examiner will use the flat spelling when asking for major keys and the sharp spelling for minor keys.

Sight-reading

Sight-reading is a valuable skill with many benefits. Learning to sight-read helps to develop quick recognition of keys, tonality and common rhythm patterns. Strong sight-reading skills make learning new pieces quicker and easier, and also help when making music with others, so that playing in an ensemble becomes more rewarding and enjoyable.

Candidates will be asked to play a short unaccompanied piece of music which they have not seen before. They will be given half a minute to look through and, if they wish, try out all or any part of the test before they are asked to play it for assessment. The tables on pp. 20–21 show the elements that are introduced at each grade.

For practice purposes, sample sight-reading tests are published by ABRSM.

Aural tests

Listening lies at the heart of music-making and the ability to hear how music works helps with all aspects of musical development. Aural skills help with gauging the sound and balance of playing, keeping in time and playing with a sense of rhythm and pulse. These skills also help to develop a sense of pitch, musical memory and the ability to spot mistakes.

The requirements are the same for all four instruments. Full details of the Aural tests are given on pp. 94-101.

In the exam

Examiners: Generally, there will be one examiner in the exam room; however a second examiner may be present for training and quality assurance purposes. Examiners may ask to look at the candidate's or accompanist's copy of the music before or after the performance of a piece; a separate copy is not required. Examiners may stop the performance of a piece when they have heard enough to make a judgment. They will not issue or discuss a candidate's result; the mark form (and certificate for successful candidates) will be issued by ABRSM after the exam.

Order of the exam: The individual sections of the exam may be taken in any order, at the candidate's choice, although it is preferable for accompanied pieces to be performed consecutively at the beginning of the exam.

Tuning: At Grades Initial–5, the teacher or accompanist may tune the candidate's instrument (or advise on tuning) before the exam begins. At Grades 6–8, candidates must tune their instruments themselves. Examiners are unable to help with tuning.

Seating: Double Bass candidates should provide their own stool if required. A chair/stool will be provided for cello candidates at ABRSM public venues.

Music stands: All ABRSM public venues provide a music stand, but candidates are welcome to bring their own if they prefer. The examiner will be happy to help adjust the height or position of the stand.

Assessment

The tables on pp. 106–107 show the marking criteria used by examiners. Examiners mark up or down from the pass mark for each element by balancing the extent to which the qualities and skills listed on pp. 106–107 (broadly categorised by pitch, time, tone, shape and performance) are demonstrated and contribute towards the overall musical outcome.

Sourcing exam music

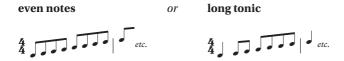
Exam music is available from music retailers and online, including at the ABRSM music shop: www.abrsm.org/shop. Every effort has been made to make sure that the publications listed will be available for the duration of the syllabus. Candidates are advised to get their music well before the exam in case items are not kept in stock by retailers. Non-exam related questions about the music (e.g. editorial, availability) should be addressed to the relevant publisher: contact details are listed at www.abrsm.org/publishers.

SCALE AND ARPEGGIO PATTERNS

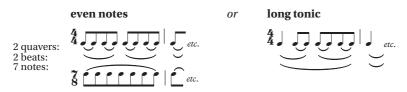
The examples below clarify patterns found in this syllabus. The full requirements for each instrument and grade are listed on the relevant syllabus pages. See also p. 11.

RHYTHM PATTERNS FOR SCALES

For major scales (all grades) and minor scales (Grades 1-8), candidates may choose between two rhythm patterns: even notes or long tonic. (Chromatic scales should always be played with even notes.)



SLURRING PATTERNS FOR SCALES



NATURAL MINOR SCALE



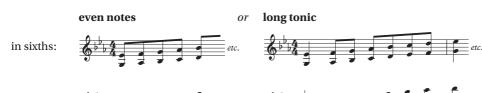
DOUBLE-STOP SCALES

In broken steps



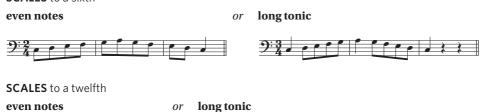
DOUBLE-STOP SCALES (cont.)

In parallel



Patterns for Double Bass only







ARPEGGIOS to a twelfth



SCALE IN BROKEN THIRDS



SCALE IN RUNNING THIRDS



| The following speeds are given as a general guide:

DOUBLEBASS					0	Grade/Speed	q			
	pattern	Initial	-	2	8	4	ເດ	9	7	80
Scales	ייי בבבל בבבל בל נ)= 76) = 40	J= 42) = 44	√ = 46	√ = 50	J = 56	√ = 63	92 = 1
Arpeggios	E / EE		J = 40	J=42	J= 44	_h=92	J)=100)=104	√=108	√=112
Chromatic scales	EE / EE)= 88	_h=92	J)= 100	J= 56	J. = 42	J. = 50
Dom. & Dim. 7ths*	Ę					J = 46	J= 50	J = 52	J=54	J= 56
Scale in broken and running thirds •) = 56		J.=50
Double-stop scales (in broken steps)) = 84	√ = 100

^{*} Dim. 7ths from Grade 5 * Scale in broken thirds (Grade 6) and in running thirds (Grade 8)

SIGHT-READING PARAMETERS

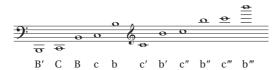
The tables on pp. 20–21 show the elements that are introduced at each grade. These parameters are presented cumulatively, i.e. once introduced they apply for all later grades (gradually progressing in difficulty). See also p. 12.

	Length (bars)	Time	Other features that may be included
Initial Grade	4	4/4	 1st position J and ∫∫ note values; } rests
	6	2/4	notes separately bowedmf
Grade 1	4	3/4	 J and J note values f and p Double Bass: 1st or half position, at candidate's choice
Grade 2	8		 J.; = rests simple two-note slurs mp; cresc. and dim. hairpins Double Bass: 1st position only
Grade 3			 accidentals (within minor keys) J. Jand J. J; simple semiquaver patterns; γ rests tied notes staccato; <i>pizzicato</i> (at end) Double Bass: half or 1st position, at examiner's choice
Grade 4	c. 8	6/8	 shifts between: Violin & Viola: 1st and 3rd positions Cello: 1st and 4th positions Double Bass: half, 1st and 3rd positions (no more than two positions per test) chromatic notes anacrusis hooked bowing tenuto, accents pause sign pp and ff
Grade 5	c. 8-16		 shifts as required to cover range simple syncopation changes between arco and pizzicato slowing of tempo (at end) Violin, Viola & Cello: simple chords (at end)
Grade 6	c. 12-16	9/8 5/8 5/4	 triplet patterns slowing of tempo followed by a tempo Viola: treble clef Double Bass: simple chords (at end)
Grade 7	c. 16-20	7/8 7/4	 Violin & Viola: left-hand pizzicato Cello & Double Bass: tenor clef
Grade 8	c. 16-24	12/8	 acceleration of tempo simple ornaments Violin: 8va sign Cello: left-hand pizzicato Cello & Double Bass: treble clef

KEYS MAJORS minors *	Violin	Viola	Cello	Double Bass ◆
Initial Grade	D, A	G, D	G, D	G, D
Grade 1	_	_	_	G, D <i>or</i> F, B♭ ◊
Grade 2	G	С	С	C, G, D
	e	a	a	a
Grade 3	C, F, B	F, Bb, Eb	A, F, Bb	F, Bb
	a, d, g	d, g, c	d, g	b
Grade 4	Еβ	A	Εþ	A
			c	e, d
Grade 5	E, Ab	E, Ab		
	b, c	e, f#	e	g
Grade 6				Εþ
	c#	f	_	С
Grade 7			E, Ab	E
	f#	b, c#	b, f	f#
Grade 8	В, D♭	В, D♭		Αþ
	f	•	f#	f

RANGES §	Violin	Viola	Cello	Double Bass
Initial Grade	d'-g', a'-d"	g-c', d'-g'	G-c, d-g	g-b, d-f#
Grade 1	d'-a"	g-d"	G-d'	d-b <i>or</i> F-f ◊
Grade 2	g-a"	c-d"	C-d'	E-b
Grade 3	g-b"	c-e"	C-d'	E-b
Grade 4	g-d‴	c-g"	C-g'	E-d'
Grade 5	g-e‴	c-a"	C-a'	E-e'
Grade 6	g-e‴	c-a"	C-a'	E-g'
Grade 7	g-g'''	c-b"	C−b♭′	E-a'
Grade 8	g-a‴	C-C'''	C-d"	E-c"

- * Minors natural form at Grade 2, any form from Grade 3
- Keys cumulative from Grade 2
- ♦ 1st or half position, at candidate's choice
- § Ranges are presented using the Helmholtz system, i.e.:



INITIAL GRADE

THREE PIECES: one chosen by the candidate from each of the three Lists, $\bf A$, $\bf B$ and $\bf C$; for further details see pages 9-11

k 2020-2023, Initial Grade k 2020-2023, Initial Grade
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k 2020-2023, Initial Grade
k 2020–2023, Initial Grade
ethod, Double Bass Book 2
ethod, Double Bass Book 2
Concert: Brilliant Solos for 50)
ered Friends (Recital Music)
holomew)⊕
holomew)⊕
ass, Book 1 (Collins Music) ⊕
k 2020–2023, Initial Grade
k 2020–2023, Initial Grade
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ethod, Double Bass Book 2
Concert: Brilliant Solos for 50)
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om the Start for Double Bass
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ass, Book 1 (Collins Music) ⊕
k 2020–2023, Initial Grade
k 2020–2023, Initial Grade
k 2020–2023, Initial Grade
s (Recital Music)
s (Recital Music)
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	COMPOSER	PIECE / WORK / ARRANGER	PUBLICATION (PUBLISHER)
7	Sheila Nelson	Don't Bother Me (No.13 from Right From the Start)	Sheila Nelson: Right from the Start for Double Bass (Boosey & Hawkes)
8	Sheila Nelson	Manchester United <i>'E' version; with 1st repeat</i> PF/DB	P. 28 from Tetratunes for Double Bass (Boosey & Hawkes) ⊕
9	Sheila Nelson	Off We Go! PF/DB	The Essential String Method, Double Bass Book 1 (Boosey & Hawkes) ⊕
10	Tony Osborne	Russian Circus	The Really Easy Bass Book (Faber)

SCALES: from memory; for further details (including examples) see pages 11, 14–15 & 19

	RANGE	REQUIREMENTS
SCALES		
D, A majors starting on open strings	a 6th	separate bows; even notes or long tonic, at candidate's choice
E minor starting one octave above bottom E	a 5th	separate bows; even notes

SIGHT-READING: a short piece of previously unseen music; for further details see pages 12 & 20–21

AURAL TESTS: administered by the examiner from the piano; for further details see pages 94 & 95

THREE PIECES: one chosen by the candidate from each of the three Lists, $\bf A$, $\bf B$ and $\bf C$; for further details see pages 9-11

For a list clarifying the pieces that are in first or half position, see www.abrsm.org/syllabusclarifications.

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		COMPOSER	PIECE / WORK / ARRANGER	PUBLICATION (PUBLISHER)
A	1	Anon. German	The More the Merrier, arr. Elliott	Ready Steady Go (Bartholomew) ⊕
	2	E.P.Chédeville	March, arr. Close & Sassmannshaus upper part DUET	Early Start on the Double Bass, Vol. 2 (Bärenreiter)
	3	Rathgeber	Aria, arr. Close & Sassmannshaus upper part DUET	Early Start on the Double Bass, Vol. 2 (Bärenreiter)
	4	N. Chédeville	Gavotte, arr. Dehant	La Contrebasse classique, Vol. A (Combre)
	5	Caroline Emery & John Leach	Knocking on the Door	Bass is Best! Yorke Mini-Bass Book 1 (Yorke)
	6	Katrina Gordon	Penguin Parade (No. 6 from Feathered Friends)	Katrina Gordon: Feathered Friends (Recital Music)
	7	T. Morley	Now is the month of Maying, arr. Slatford & Bullard <i>in either key</i>	Time Pieces for Double Bass, Vol. 1 (ABRSM)
	8	C. Negri	Spagnoletta, arr. Magolt with repeats	Easy Concert Pieces for Double Bass, Vol. 1 (Schott)
	9	Sheila Nelson	Fiddler's Fancy (No.19 from Right from the Start), arr. Elliott	Sheila Nelson: Right from the Start for Double Bass (Boosey & Hawkes)
	10	Suzuki	Allegretto	Suzuki Bass School, Vol. 1, Revised Edition (Alfred) ⊕
В	1	T. H. Bayly	Long, Long Ago, arr. Elliott	Ready Steady Go (Bartholomew) ⊕
	2	Christine Donkin	Evening Star (No. 2 from Bass-Time Beginners)	Christine Donkin: Bass-Time Beginners (Recital Music)
	3	Caroline Emery & Roger Steptoe	Sad Double Bass	Bass is Best! Yorke Mini-Bass Book 1 (Yorke)
	4	Mahler	Canon on 'Frère Jacques', arr. Hartley upper part DUET	Double Bass Solo 1, 2019 Edition (OUP)
	5	Christopher Norton	A Cool Day, adapted Elliott	Grade by Grade, Double Bass Grade 1 (Boosey & Hawkes)
	6	Tony Osborne	Bass Bridges of Paris	The Really Easy Bass Book (Faber)
	7	M. Reynolds	Morningtown Ride, arr. Lillywhite, Marshall, Hussey & Sebba with repeat PF/DB	Abracadabra Double Bass, Book 1 (Collins Music) ⊕
	8	Michael Rose	Ballad II	Time Pieces for Double Bass, Vol. 1 (ABRSM)
	9	Taki	Moon Over the Ruined Castle, arr. Suzuki	Suzuki Bass School, Vol. 2, Revised Edition (Alfred) ⊕
	10	Trad.	Hatikvah, arr. Elliott	The Essential String Method, Double Bass Book 3 (Boosey & Hawkes) ⊕
C	1	Steve Berry	A Little Blue without improvisation	Time Pieces for Double Bass, Vol. 1 (ABRSM)
	2	I. Carroll	Gigue (from Five Simple Pieces)	I. Carroll: Five Simple Pieces (Stainer & Bell)
	3	Peter Davey	Off to France in the Morning, arr. Lillywhite, Marshall, Hussey & Sebba PF/DB	Abracadabra Double Bass, Book 1 (Collins Music) \odot
	4	Swann	The Hippopotamus Song, arr. Lillywhite, Marshall, Hussey & Sebba PF/DB	Abracadabra Double Bass, Book 1 (Collins Music) \odot
	5	Christine Donkin	The Ogre's Dance (No.1 from <i>Bass-Time Beginners</i>)	Christine Donkin: Bass-Time Beginners (Recital Music)
	6	Catherine Elliott	Carnival Waltz	The Essential String Method, Double Bass Book 3 (Boosey & Hawkes) ⊕
	7	Thomas Gregory	Fiery Fiddler with repeats	Vamoosh Double Bass, Book 1 (Vamoosh) ⊕
	8	Edward Huws Jones	Toodle-Pip (No.18 from <i>Ten O'Clock Rock</i>), arr. Elliott	Grade by Grade, Double Bass Grade 1 (Boosey & Hawkes)
8'		Accompaniment(s) published separately, see www.abrsm.org/syllabusclarifications		

	COMPOSER	PIECE / WORK / ARRANGER	PUBLICATION (PUBLISHER)
9	Tony Osborne	And Y Not	The Really Easy Bass Book (Faber)
10	Tony Osborne	Samba	The Really Easy Bass Book (Faber)

SCALES AND ARPEGGIOS: from memory; for further details (including examples) see pages 11, 14-15 & 19 Group 1 (first position) or Group 2 (half position), at candidate's choice – the examiner will ask which Group/position

GROUP 1	RANGE	REQUIREMENTS
SCALES		
C, D majors	a 6th	separate bows <i>or</i> slurred (2 quavers to a bow), at
G major	14	examiner's choice;
A natural minor	1 oct.	even notes <i>or</i> long tonic, at candidate's choice
ARPEGGIOS		
G major	Loot	separate bows;
A minor	1 oct.	even notes

or

GROUP 2	RANGE	REQUIREMENTS
SCALES		
C major	a 6th	separate bows <i>or</i> slurred (2 quavers to a bow), at
F, Bb majors	- 1 oct.	examiner's choice;
A natural minor	– 1 oct.	even notes <i>or</i> long tonic, at candidate's choice
ARPEGGIOS		
F, Bb majors	Loot	separate bows;
A minor	– 1 oct.	even notes

 $\textbf{SIGHT-READING:} \ a \ short \ piece \ of \ previously \ unseen \ music; for \ further \ details \ see \ pages \ 12 \ \& \ 20-21$

AURAL TESTS: administered by the examiner from the piano; for further details see pages 94 & 95

THREE PIECES: one chosen by the candidate from each of the three Lists, $\bf A$, $\bf B$ and $\bf C$; for further details see pages 9–11

		pages 9-11		
		COMPOSER	PIECE / WORK / ARRANGER	PUBLICATION (PUBLISHER)
4	1	Beethoven	Ecossaise, arr. Elliott	Grade by Grade, Double Bass Grade 2 (Boosey & Hawkes)
	2	Trad. French	Song of the French Revolution, arr. Elliott	Grade by Grade, Double Bass Grade 2 (Boosey & Hawkes)
3 Boccherini Minuetto (from <i>String Quartet in C</i> , Time Pieces for Op. 24 No. 4), arr. Slatford & Wells			Time Pieces for Double Bass, Vol. 1 (ABRSM)	
	4	C. Graupner	Bourrée, arr. Magolt	Easy Concert Pieces for Double Bass, Vol. 1 (Schott)
	5	Handel	Gavotte, arr. Elliott upper part PF/DB	The Essential String Method, Double Bass Book 4 (Boosey & Hawkes) ⊕
	6	Trad.	Upon Paul's Steeple, arr. Nelson	The Essential String Method, Double Bass Book 4 (Boosey & Hawkes) ⊕
	7	Schumann	The Merry Peasant (The Happy Farmer) (from <i>Album for the Young</i> , Op. 68), arr. Elliott <i>or</i> arr. Suzuki	The Essential String Method, Double Bass Book 4 (Boosey & Hawkes) \odot or Suzuki Bass School, Vol. 2, Revised Edition (Alfred) \odot
	8	Mozart	Passe-pied, arr. Dehant with repeats	La Contrebasse classique, Vol. A (Combre)
	9	C. Petzold	Minuet in D, BWV Anh. II 114, arr. Elliott	The Anna Magdalena Bach Notebook for Double Bass (Bartholomew) $\ensuremath{\mathfrak{G}}$
	10	Schumann	Soliders' March (from <i>Album for the Young,</i> Op. 68), arr. Hartley <i>upper part</i> DUET	Double Bass Solo 1, 2019 Edition (OUP)
В	1	Dvořák	Largo (from Symphony No. 9, 'From the New World'), arr. Mohrs	Easy Concert Pieces for Double Bass, Vol. 1 (Schott)
	2	Tchaikovsky	Swan Lake, arr. Mohrs	Easy Concert Pieces for Double Bass, Vol. 1 (Schott)
	3	Katrina Gordon	Hungry Old Owl (No.10 from Feathered Friends)	Katrina Gordon: Feathered Friends (Recital Music)
	4 G. Nicks The Little Sailor		The Little Sailor	Yorke Solos for Double Bass, Vol. 1 (Yorke) or Bass is Best! Yorke Mini-Bass Book 1 (Yorke)
	5	Tony Osborne	Procession of Kings (No. 8 from <i>The Double Bass Sings</i>)	Tony Osborne: The Double Bass Sings (Piper)
	6	Rodgers & Hammerstein	Edelweiss (from $\it The Sound of Music$), arr. Lillywhite, Marshall, Hussey & Sebba PF/DB	Abracadabra Double Bass, Book 1 (Collins Music) ⊕
	7	Michael Rose	Ballad I	Time Pieces for Double Bass, Vol. 1 (ABRSM)
	8	M. Stanfield & S. Barlow	Friday's Child, adapted Elliott	Grade by Grade, Double Bass Grade 2 (Boosey & Hawkes)
	9	Trad. English	Greensleeves, arr. Elliott	The Essential String Method, Double Bass Book 4 (Boosey & Hawkes) ⊕
	10	Trad. Welsh	All Through the Night, arr. Nelson upper part PF/DB	The Essential String Method, Double Bass Book 4 (Boosey & Hawkes) ⊕
	1	Arlen & Harburg	We're off to see the wizard (from $The\ Wizard\ of\ Oz$), arr. Lillywhite, Marshall, Hussey & Sebba PF/DB	Abracadabra Double Bass, Book 1 (Collins Music) $\ensuremath{\mathfrak{D}}$
	2	Keith Ramon Cole	Granite, adapted Elliott	Grade by Grade, Double Bass Grade 2 (Boosey & Hawkes)
	3	James Cruttenden	Blues in D (No. 3 from Bow that Bass!)	James Cruttenden: Bow that Bass! (Recital Music)
	4	Caroline Emery & Rodney Slatford	Dinosaur Dance	Bass is Best! Yorke Mini-Bass Book 1 (Yorke)
	5	Rodney Slatford	Welsh Hungarian Dance lower part DUET	Bass is Best! Yorke Mini-Bass Book 1 (Yorke)

	COMPOSER	PIECE / WORK / ARRANGER	PUBLICATION (PUBLISHER)
6	Thomas Gregory	Smooth Operator	Vamoosh Double Bass, Book 2 (Vamoosh) ⊕
7	Herz	Galoppe, arr. Slatford & Bullard	Time Pieces for Double Bass, Vol. 1 (ABRSM)
8	Giles Swayne	Lazybones	Time Pieces for Double Bass, Vol. 1 (ABRSM)
9	Christopher Norton	The Caretaker (No. 7 from $Microjazz$ for $Double$ $Bass$)	Christopher Norton: Microjazz for Double Bass (Boosey & Hawkes)
10	Trad.	March of the Kings, arr. Elliott SOLO OR PF ACCOMP.	The Essential String Method, Double Bass Book 4 (Boosey & Hawkes) ⊕

SCALES AND ARPEGGIOS: from memory; for further details (including examples) see pages 11, 14-15 & 19

	RANGE	REQUIREMENTS
SCALES		
F, G, Bb, D majors		separate bows or slurred (2 quavers to a bow), at
A, B minors (natural <i>or</i> harmonic, at candidate's choice)	1 oct.	examiner's choice; even notes or long tonic, at candidate's choice
ARPEGGIOS		
F, G, Bb majors A, B minors	14	separate bows;
	1 oct.	even notes

 $\textbf{SIGHT-READING:} \ a \ short \ piece \ of \ previously \ unseen \ music; for \ further \ details \ see \ pages \ 12 \ \& \ 20-21$

AURAL TESTS: administered by the examiner from the piano; for further details see pages 94 & 96

THREE PIECES: one chosen by the candidate from each of the three Lists, $\bf A$, $\bf B$ and $\bf C$; for further details see pages 9–11

		1 0		
		COMPOSER	PIECE/WORK/ARRANGER	PUBLICATION (PUBLISHER)
Α	1	Aprile	Solfeggio No. 3, arr. Slatford & Bullard upper part; ornamentation optional PF/DB	Time Pieces for Double Bass, Vol. 1 (ABRSM)
2	2	L. Couperin	Menuet de Poitou, arr. Slatford & Wells without DC	Time Pieces for Double Bass, Vol. 1 (ABRSM)
	3	attrib. J. S. Bach	First Minuet in D minor, BWV Anh. II 121, arr. Elliott with 1st repeat	The Anna Magdalena Bach Notebook for Double Bass (Bartholomew) ⊕
	4	Gerhard Deutschmann	Menuett and Trio	Yorke Solos for Double Bass, Vol. 1 (Yorke)
	5	Diabelli	Scherzo, arr. Dehant	La Contrebasse classique, Vol. A (Combre)
	6	Thomas Gregory	Big Dipper upper part PF/DB	Vamoosh Double Bass, Book 2 (Vamoosh) ⊕
	7	Haydn	Minuet and Trio, arr. Elliott	Grade by Grade, Double Bass Grade 3 (Boosey & Hawkes)
	8	Mozart	May Time, arr. Suzuki	Suzuki Bass School, Vol. 2, Revised Edition (Alfred) ⊕
	9	Verdi	Grand March (from Aïda), arr. Schofield	Amazing Solos for Double Bass (Boosey & Hawkes)
	10	Warlock	Basse-Danse (from <i>Capriol Suite</i>), arr. K. & J. Hartley	Subterranean Solos (Bartholomew) ⊕
В	1	Berbiguier	Andante grazioso, arr. Elliott upper part DUET	Grade by Grade, Double Bass Grade 3 (Boosey & Hawkes)
	2	Edward Jones	Glwysen, arr. Huws Jones	Grade by Grade, Double Bass Grade 3 (Boosey & Hawkes)
	3	Borodin	Prince Igor, arr. Mohrs	Easy Concert Pieces for Double Bass, Vol. 1 (Schott)
	4	Christine Donkin	Romance (No. 4 from Bass-Time Beginners)	Christine Donkin: Bass-Time Beginners (Recital Music)
	5	Grieg	Norwegian Dance, arr. K. & J. Hartley	Subterranean Solos (Bartholomew) ⊕
	6	Gurlitt	Voyage de nuit, arr. Dehant	La Contrebasse classique, Vol. A (Combre)
	7	Kern & Hammerstein	Ol' Man River (from <i>Show Boat</i>), arr. Slatford & Bullard	Time Pieces for Double Bass, Vol. 1 (ABRSM)
	8	Alan Menken & Ashman	Beauty and the Beast, arr. Lillywhite, Marshall, Hussey & Sebba $\it upperpart$ PF/DB	Abracadabra Double Bass, Book 1 (Collins Music) ⊕
	9	Merle	Mummers (Danse grotesque)	Festival Performance Solos: String Bass (Carl Fischer) \oplus
	10	Tony Osborne	Russian Song (No.11 from <i>The Double Bass Sings</i>)	Tony Osborne: The Double Bass Sings (Piper)
C	1	Baklanova	Mazurka, arr. Close & Sassmannshaus	Early Start on the Double Bass, Vol. 3 (Bärenreiter)
	2	Jan Faulkner	Rio Rumba (No. 8 from Second Bass)	Jan Faulkner: Second Bass (Recital Music)
	3	S. Foster	Camptown Races, arr. Nelson SOLO OR PF ACCOMP.	The Essential String Method, Double Bass Book 4 (Boosey & Hawkes) ⊕
	4	Boguslaw Furtok	Glissando Duet upper part DUET	Early Start on the Double Bass, Vol. 2 (Bärenreiter)
	5	Thomas Gregory	Rumba Cucumba	Vamoosh Double Bass, Book 2 (Vamoosh) ⊕
	6	Teppo Hauta-Aho	Scott (3rd movt from <i>Jazz-Sonatine</i> [No.1])	Teppo Hauta-Aho: Pizzicato Pieces, Book 1 (Recital Music)
	7	W. K. Lyons	Goblin's Dance, arr. Suzuki	Suzuki Bass School, Vol. 2, Revised Edition (Alfred) ⊕
	8	Sheila Nelson	Toad in the Hole upper part; without improvisation PF/DB	Technitunes for Double Bass (Boosey & Hawkes) ⊕
	9	Tony Osborne	Bassa Nova (No. 3 from Junior Jazz Book 1) pizz. or arco or combination	Tony Osborne: Junior Jazz Book 1 (Recital Music)
	10	Michael Rose	Jumbo Rag (from A Sketchbook for Double Bass)	Michael Rose: A Sketchbook for Double Bass (ABRSM)

SCALES AND ARPEGGIOS: from memory; for further details (including examples) see pages 11, 14-15 & 19

	RANGE	REQUIREMENTS
SCALES		
E, A, C, D majors		separate bows or slurred (2 quavers to a bow), at
E, G, D minors (harmonic <i>or</i> melodic, at candidate's choice)	1 oct.	examiner's choice;
		even notes or long tonic, at candidate's choice
ARPEGGIOS		
E, A, C, D majors		separate bows or slurred (2 notes to a bow), at
E. G. D minors	l oct.	examiner's choice;
		even notes
CHROMATIC SCALE		
starting on A	1 oct.	separate bows;
		even notes

 $\textbf{SIGHT-READING:} \ a \ short \ piece \ of \ previously \ unseen \ music; for \ further \ details \ see \ pages \ 12 \ \& \ 20-21$

AURAL TESTS: administered by the examiner from the piano; for further details see pages 94 & 96-97

THREE PIECES: one chosen by the candidate from each of the three Lists, $\bf A$, $\bf B$ and $\bf C$; for further details see pages 9–11

		pages 5-11		
		COMPOSER	PIECE / WORK / ARRANGER	PUBLICATION (PUBLISHER)
Α	1	J. S. Bach	March in G, arr. Suzuki	Suzuki Bass School, Vol. 2, Revised Edition (Alfred) \oplus
	2	attrib. J. S. Bach	Minuet in C, BWV Anh. II 116, arr. Elliott <i>or</i> arr. Suzuki	The Anna Magdalena Bach Notebook for Double Bass (Bartholomew) ⊕ <i>or</i> Suzuki Bass School, Vol. 3 Revised Edition (Alfred) ⊕
	3	Bottesini	Study No. 9 (from Metodo completo per contrabbasso) SOLO	Bottesini: Method for Double Bass, Part 1 (Yorke)
	4	I. Carroll	French Bourrée (from <i>Five National Dances for Double Bass</i>)	I. Carroll: Five National Dances for Double Bass (Stainer & Bell)
	5	Grieg	Hunting Song (No. 4 from Six Songs, Op. 4), arr. Slatford & Wells	Time Pieces for Double Bass, Vol. 2 (ABRSM)
	6	Handel	Allegro (from <i>Concerto Grosso</i> , Op. 6 No. 8), arr. Slatford & Wells	Time Pieces for Double Bass, Vol. 2 (ABRSM)
	7	attrib. Henry VIII	Pastime with good company, arr. Huws Jones	Grade by Grade, Double Bass Grade 4 (Boosey & Hawkes)
	8	Kummer	Rondoletto con allegrezza, arr. Close & Sassmannshaus upper part; with piano accomp.	Early Start on the Double Bass, Vol. 3 (Bärenreiter)
	9	A. Thomas	Gavotte (from Mignon), arr. K. & J. Hartley	Subterranean Solos (Bartholomew) ⊕
	10	Trad.	Sailor's Hornpipe, arr. Magolt	Easy Concert Pieces for Double Bass, Vol. 2 (Schott)
В	1	Bizet	Habanera (from Carmen), arr. Dehant	La Contrebasse classique, Vol. B (Combre)
	2	F. Boaden	Elegy (2nd movt from Petite Suite)	F. Boaden: Petite Suite (Yorke)
	3	Corelli	Largo affetuoso, arr. Mohrs	Easy Concert Pieces for Double Bass, Vol. 2 (Schott)
	4	Christine Donkin	Serenade (No. 6 from Bass-Time Beginners)	Christine Donkin: Bass-Time Beginners (Recital Music)
	5	S. Lancen	Berceuse for Baby Hippopotamus	S. Lancen: Berceuse for Baby Hippopotamus (Yorke)
	6	S. Lancen	Si j'étais Moussorgsky	Yorke Solos for Double Bass, Vol. 1 (Yorke)
	7	Mozart	A Little Melody, arr. Láska	Yorke Solos for Double Bass, Vol. 1 (Yorke)
	8	Mendelssohn	Venetian Gondola Song (from <i>Sechs Lieder</i> , Op. 57), arr. Slatford & Wells	Time Pieces for Double Bass, Vol. 2 (ABRSM)
	9	Tony Osborne	Sweet Dreams (2nd movt from Suite for Eloise)	Tony Osborne: Suite for Eloise (Recital Music)
	10	Michael Rose	Reverie (from A Sketchbook for Double Bass)	Michael Rose: A Sketchbook for Double Bass (ABRSM)
C	1	Sébastien Beliah	An Old-Time Rag (No. 4 from Pieces of Eight)	Sébastien Beliah: Pieces of Eight (Recital Music)
	2	A. Benjamin	Jamaican Rumba, arr. Slatford & Wells	Time Pieces for Double Bass, Vol. 2 (ABRSM)
	3	Kabalevsky	Cavalryman (from 30 Children's Pieces, Op. 27), arr. Slatford & Bullard	Time Pieces for Double Bass, Vol. 2 (ABRSM)
	4	Teppo Hauta-Aho	Allegro moderato (1st movt from Jazz Sonatine No. 2) $SOLO$	Teppo Hauta-Aho: Jazz Sonatine No. 2 (Recital Music)
	5	Dennis Leogrande	Hey, Mon! (No. 6 from Eight Progressive Solos for the Beginner Bassist)	Dennis Leogrande: Eight Progressive Solos for the Beginner Bassist (Spartan Press)
	6	James MacMillan	Barn Dance (from Northern Skies)	Grade by Grade, Double Bass Grade 4 (Boosey & Hawkes)
	7	Rona Porter	Queen's Park Rag bass spin optional	Grade by Grade, Double Bass Grade 4 (Boosey & Hawkes)
	8	Tony Osborne	Jazz Rock (No. 6 from Junior Jazz Book 1) pizz. or arco or combination	Tony Osborne: Junior Jazz Book 1 (Recital Music)
	9	Prokofiev	Troika (from <i>Lieutenant Kijé Suite</i>), arr. Schofield	Amazing Solos for Double Bass (Boosey & Hawkes)
	10	Schlemüller	Old Soldiers (March), Op.12 No.5, arr. Close &	Early Start on the Double Bass, Vol. 3 (Bärenreiter) or

SCALES AND ARPEGGIOS: from memory; for further details (including examples) see pages 11, 14-15 & 19

RANGE	REQUIREMENTS
	separate bows or slurred (2 quavers to a bow), at
a 12th	examiner's choice;
	even notes or long tonic, at candidate's choice
	separate bows or slurred (3 notes to a bow), at
a 12th	examiner's choice;
	even notes
1 oct.	separate bows;
	even notes
1 oct.	separate bows or slurred (3 notes to a bow), at
	examiner's choice;
	even notes
	a 12th a 12th 1 oct.

 $\textbf{SIGHT-READING:} \ a \ short \ piece \ of \ previously \ unseen \ music; for further \ details \ see \ pages \ 12 \ \& \ 20-21$

AURAL TESTS: administered by the examiner from the piano; for further details see pages 94 & 97

THREE PIECES: one chosen by the candidate from each of the three Lists, $\bf A$, $\bf B$ and $\bf C$; for further details see pages 9-11

	pages 9-11		
	COMPOSER	PIECE / WORK / ARRANGER	PUBLICATION (PUBLISHER)
1	Bottesini	Study No. 25 (from Metodo completo per contrabbasso) solo	Bottesini: Method for Double Bass, Part 1 (Yorke)
2	Dittersdorf	German Dance, arr. Close & Sassmannshaus	Concert Pieces for Double Bass (Bärenreiter)
3	attrib. Giovannino	Adagio and Aria staccata e allegra (1st and 2nd movts from $Sonata$ in A $minor$)	Giovannino: Sonata in A minor (Yorke)
4	Christian Gouinguené	Hommage a Vivaldi	Christian Gouinguené: Hommage a Vivaldi (Leduc)
5	Handel	Bourrée, arr. Suzuki	Suzuki Bass School, Vol. 3 Revised Edition (Alfred) ⊕
6	B. Marcello	Largo <i>and</i> Allegro (from <i>Sonata</i> , Op. 2 No. 1), arr. Elliott	Grade by Grade, Double Bass Grade 5 (Boosey & Hawkes)
7	S. Paxton	Allegretto (1st movt from <i>Sonata in D</i> , Op. 3 No. 2), trans. Elliott	S. Paxton: Sonata in D, Op. 3 No. 2 (Bartholomew)
8	Purcell	Rondeau (from <i>A Midsummer Night's Dream</i>), arr. K. & J. Hartley	Subterranean Solos (Bartholomew) \oplus
9	Rameau	Le lardon <i>and</i> La boiteuse (from <i>Pieces de clavessin</i>), arr. Slatford & Bullard	Time Pieces for Double Bass, Vol. 2 (ABRSM)
10	L. Shitte	Étude	Bass is Best! Yorke Mini-Bass Book 2 (Yorke)
1	PM. Dubois	Berceuse à Boby (No. 3 from Histoires de contrebasse)	PM. Dubois: Histoires de contrebasse, Vol. 1 (Billaudot)
	Richard Dubugnon	No.7 (from Dix petites concertudes)	Richard Dubugnon: Dix petites concertudes, Vol. 2 (Billaudot)
3	Fauré	Autumn, Op.18 No.3, arr. Slatford & Bullard	Time Pieces for Double Bass, Vol. 2 (ABRSM)
4	Everett Gates	Night Song	Everett Gates: Night Song (Bartholomew)
5	Teppo Hauta-Aho	Lullaby	Teppo Hauta-Aho: Teppo's Tunes (Recital Music)
6	Liszt	Liebesträume, arr. Elliott	Grade by Grade, Double Bass Grade 5 (Boosey & Hawkes)
7	Tchaikovsky	Chanson triste, arr. Elliott	Grade by Grade, Double Bass Grade 5 (Boosey & Hawkes)
8	C. Minkler	A Gaelic Melody, arr. Suzuki	Suzuki Bass School, Vol. 3 Revised Edition (Alfred) \oplus
9	J. Reinagle	Andante (from <i>Sonatine</i>), arr. Mohrs & Schlichting	Easy Concert Pieces for Double Bass, Vol. 2 (Schott)
10	Trad.	The Jolly Dutchman, arr. Isaac	Festival Performance Solos: String Bass (Carl Fischer) ⊕
	Bernie, Pinkard & K. Casey	Sweet Georgia Brown, arr. Swaim	Suzuki Bass School, Vol. 3 Revised Edition (Alfred) \oplus
2	Miles Davis	So What, arr. Swaim	Suzuki Bass School, Vol. 3 Revised Edition (Alfred) ⊕
3	L. Bernstein	Cool (from West Side Story), arr. Schofield	Amazing Solos for Double Bass (Boosey & Hawkes)
4	Glière	Russian Sailors' Dance (from <i>The Red Poppy</i>), arr. Isaac	Glière: Russian Sailors' Dance (Carl Fischer)
5	Gounod	Funeral March of a Marionette, arr. Wilson-Dickson	Gounod: Funeral March of a Marionette (Forsyth)
6	Henderson	Black Bottom, arr. Slatford & Bullard	Time Pieces for Double Bass, Vol. 2 (ABRSM)
7	A. H. Hill	Midnight Caper	A. H. Hill: Four Pieces for Double Bass (Stainer & Bell)
8	Moszkowski	Spanish Dance No. 2 (from Op. 12), arr. K. & J. Hartley	Subterranean Solos (Bartholomew) ⊕
9	Tony Osborne	Ba-Doo-Wah! (No.1 from Junior Jazz Book 2) pizz. only	Tony Osborne: Junior Jazz Book 2 (Recital Music)
10	G. M.	La cumparsita, arr. Huws Jones	Grade by Grade, Double Bass Grade 5 (Boosey &
	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	1 Bottesini 2 Dittersdorf 3 attrib. Giovannino 4 Christian Gouinguené 5 Handel 6 B. Marcello 7 S. Paxton 8 Purcell 9 Rameau 10 L. Shitte 1 PM. Dubois 2 Richard Dubugnon 3 Fauré 4 Everett Gates 5 Teppo Hauta-Aho 6 Liszt 7 Tchaikovsky 8 C. Minkler 9 J. Reinagle 10 Trad. 1 Bernie, Pinkard & K. Casey 2 Miles Davis 3 L. Bernstein 4 Glière 5 Gounod 6 Henderson 7 A. H. Hill 8 Moszkowski 9 Tony Osborne	1 Bottesini Study No. 25 (from Metodo completo per contrabbasso) SOLO 2 Dittersdorf German Dance, arr. Close & Sassmannshaus 3 attrib. Adagio and Aria staccata e allegra (1st and 2nd movts from Sonata in A minor) 4 Christian Gouinguené 5 Handel Bourrée, arr. Suzuki 6 B. Marcello Largo and Allegro (from Sonata, Op. 2 No. 1), arr. Elliott 7 S. Paxton Allegretto (1st movt from Sonata in D, Op. 3 No. 2), trans. Elliott 8 Purcell Rondeau (from A Midsummer Night's Dream), arr. K. & J. Hartley 9 Rameau Le lardon and La boiteuse (from Pieces de clavessin), arr. Slatford & Bullard 10 L. Shitte Étude 1 PM. Dubois Berceuse à Boby (No. 3 from Histoires de contrebasse) 2 Richard Dubugnon No. 7 (from Dix petites concertudes) 1 Dubugnon Feppo Lullaby Hauta-Aho 4 Everett Gates Night Song 5 Teppo Lullaby Hauta-Aho 6 Liszt Liebesträume, arr. Elliott 7 Tchaikovsky Chanson triste, arr. Elliott 8 C. Minkler A Gaelic Melody, arr. Suzuki 9 J. Reinagle Andante (from Sonatine), arr. Mohrs & Schlichting 1 Trad. The Jolly Dutchman, arr. Isaac 1 Bernie, Pinkard & K. Casey 2 Miles Davis So What, arr. Swaim 3 L. Bernstein Cool (from West Side Story), arr. Schofield 4 Glière Russian Sailors' Dance (from The Red Poppy), arr. Isaac 5 Gounod Funeral March of a Marionette, arr. Wilson-Dickson 6 Henderson Black Bottom, arr. Slatford & Bullard 7 A. H. Hill Midnight Caper 8 Moszkowski arr. K. & J. Harrley 9 Tony Osborne Ba-Doo-Wah! (No. 1 from Junior Jazz Book 2) pizz. only

SCALES AND ARPEGGIOS: from memory; for further details (including examples) see pages 11, 14-15 & 19

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	RANGE	REQUIREMENTS
SCALES		
Eb major	1 oot	
G major starting one octave above bottom G	– 1 oct.	separate bows or slurred (2 beats to a bow), at
F, Bb, C majors		examiner's choice;
F, Bb, C minors	a 12th	even notes <i>or</i> long tonic, at candidate's choice
(harmonic or melodic, at candidate's choice)		
ARPEGGIOS		
Eb major	- 1 oct.	
G major starting one octave above bottom G	– 1 oct.	separate bows <i>or</i> slurred (3 notes to a bow), at examiner's choice:
F, Bb, C majors	10/1	even notes
F, Bb, C minors	– a 12th	
DOMINANT SEVENTHS (resolving on tonic)		
in the keys of F and Ab	1 oct.	separate bows or slurred (2 notes to a bow), at
		examiner's choice;
		even notes
DIMINISHED SEVENTHS		
starting on E and A	1 oct.	separate bows;
		even notes
CHROMATIC SCALES		
starting on D and E	1 oct.	separate bows or slurred (3 notes to a bow), at
		examiner's choice;
		even notes

 $\textbf{SIGHT-READING:} \ a \ short \ piece \ of \ previously \ unseen \ music; for \ further \ details \ see \ pages \ 12 \ \& \ 20-21$

AURAL TESTS: administered by the examiner from the piano; for further details see pages 94 & 98

PREREQUISITE FOR ENTRY: ABRSM Grade 5 (or above) in Music Theory, Practical Musicianship or any solo Jazz instrument. For alternatives, see www.abrsm.org/prerequisite.

THREE PIECES: one chosen by the candidate from each of the three Lists, A, B and C; for further details see pages 9-11

		COMPOSER	PIECE / WORK / ARRANGER	PUBLICATION (PUBLISHER)
4	1	Bottesini	Study No. 50 (from Metodo completo per contrabbasso) SOLO	Bottesini: Method for Double Bass, Part 1 (Yorke)
	2	Capuzzi	Rondo: Allegro (3rd movt from Concerto in D)	Capuzzi: Concerto in D (Yorke)
	3 C. Dancla Polka (from Suite No. 1, Op. 123), arr. Close & Sassmannshaus			Concert Pieces for Double Bass (Bärenreiter)
	4	De Fesch	Minuet I <i>and</i> Minuet II (from <i>Sonata in D minor</i>), arr. Siebach & Schlenker	De Fesch: Sonata in D minor (Hofmeister)
	5	Dragonetti	Sarabanda: Allegro (from Solo in D minor 'After Corelli')	Dragonetti: Solo in D minor (Doblinger)
	6	Eisengräßer	Introduction and Theme and Variation 1 (from Variations on a Favourite Styrian Folk Song) treble clef notes may be played 8ve lower	Eisengräßer: Variations for Contra Bass on a Favourite Styrian Folk-Song (Recital Music) or Festival Performance Solos: String Bass (Carl Fischer) \oplus
	7	attrib. Giovannino	Staccato e arioso (3rd movt from <i>Sonata in A minor</i>)	Giovannino: Sonata in A minor (Yorke)
	8	B. Marcello	Adagio (Andante) <i>and</i> Allegro (1st <i>and</i> 4th movts from <i>Sonata in G</i> , Op. 2 No. 6)	B. Marcello: Sonata in G (IMC) <i>or</i> B. Marcello: Six Sonatas (G. Schirmer)
	9	S. Paxton	The Bush aboon Traquair (A Scots Air) <i>and</i> Vivace (2nd <i>and</i> 3rd movts from <i>Sonata in D</i> , Op. 3 No. 2), trans. Elliott	S. Paxton: Sonata in D, Op. 3 No. 2 (Bartholomew)
10 Vivaldi Largo (1st movt from <i>Sonata No.1 in Bb</i> , RV 47) Vivaldi: Sonata No.1 in Bb, tra Vivaldi: Complete Sonatas fo		Vivaldi: Sonata No. 1 in B \flat , trans. Zimmermann (IMC) or Vivaldi: Complete Sonatas for Violoncello (Bärenreiter) or Vivaldi: Six Sonatas for Violoncello (Schott)		
3	1	Beethoven	Sonatina, arr. Zimmerman	Solos for the Double Bass Player (G. Schirmer)
	2	J. F. Burgmüller	Nocturne No.1, arr. Heyes	J. F. Burgmüller: Nocturne No.1 (Recital Music)
	3	Gabriel-Marie	La Cinquantaine, arr. Elliott <i>or</i> arr. Suzuki	Gabriel-Marie: La Cinquantaine (Bartholomew) <i>or</i> Suzuki Bass School, Vol. 4 (Alfred) ⊕
	4	Christian Gouinguené	Adagio	Christian Gouinguené: Adagio (Leduc)
	5	Keÿper	Romance	Keÿper: Romance and Rondo (Yorke) <i>or</i> Concert Pieces for Double Bass (Bärenreiter)
	6	L. Mendelssohn	Menuett, arr. Close & Sassmannshaus	Concert Pieces for Double Bass (Bärenreiter)
	7	Anon, formerly attrib. Pergolesi	Tre giorni, arr. Close & Sassmannshaus or arr. Zimmermann with 1st repeat in Bärenreiter edn	Concert Pieces for Double Bass (Bärenreiter) or Festival Performance Solos: String Bass (Carl Fischer) \oplus
	8	Merle	Caballero	Festival Performance Solos: String Bass (Carl Fischer) ⊕
	9	Madenski	Marzenie	Miniatures, Book 1 (Recital Music)
	10	John Walton	A Deep Song	John Walton: A Deep Song (Yorke)
	1	D. Bourgeois	Allegro commondo (No. 3 from Fantasy Pieces for Double Bass) SOLO	D. Bourgeois: Fantasy Pieces for Double Bass (Brass Wind)
	2	Gavin Bryars	Room 42	Time Pieces for Double Bass, Vol. 2 (ABRSM)
	3	I. Carroll	Fantasia in E minor (No.1 from <i>Three Pieces for Double Bass</i>)	I. Carroll: Three Pieces for Double Bass (Forsyth)
	4	V. Elliott	Odd Man Out	V. Elliott: Odd Man Out (Yorke)
	5	Teppo Hauta-Aho	A Little Waltz (Pieni Valssi)	Teppo Hauta-Aho: Teppo's Tunes (Recital Music)

	COMPOSER	PIECE / WORK / ARRANGER	PUBLICATION (PUBLISHER)
6	David Heyes	Tapio (No. 3 from Finnish Sketches) solo	David Heyes: Finnish Sketches (Recital Music)
7	A. H. Hill	The Jester	A. H. Hill: Four Pieces for Double Bass (Stainer & Bell)
8	Nölck	Tempo di ballo (from <i>Petit album de concert</i>), arr. Close & Sassmannshaus	Concert Pieces for Double Bass (Bärenreiter)
9	Pascal Proust	Arcades	Pascal Proust: Arcades (Combre)
10	Villoldo	El Choclo, arr. Tailor	Villoldo: El Choclo for Contrabass (Editions Marc Reift)

$\textbf{SCALES AND ARPEGGIOS:} from\ memory; for\ further\ details\ (including\ examples)\ see\ pages\ 11,\ 14-15\ \&\ 19$

	RANGE	REQUIREMENTS
SCALES		
E, F, G, A majors and minors (minors harmonic <i>and</i> melodic)	2 oct.	separate bows <i>or</i> slurred (2 beats to a bow), at examiner's choice; even notes <i>or</i> long tonic, at candidate's choice
SCALE IN THUMB POSITION		
D major starting with thumb on D string:	1 oct.	separate bows; even notes or long tonic, at candidate's choice
ARPEGGIOS		
E, F, G, A majors and minors	2 oct.	separate bows <i>or</i> slurred (3 notes to a bow), at examiner's choice; even notes
DOMINANT SEVENTHS (resolving on tonic)		
in the keys of A, Bb and C	2 oct.	separate bows <i>or</i> slurred (2 notes to a bow), at examiner's choice; even notes
DIMINISHED SEVENTHS		
starting on E, F and G	2 oct.	separate bows <i>or</i> slurred (2 notes to a bow), at examiner's choice; even notes
CHROMATIC SCALES		
starting on E, F and G	2 oct.	separate bows <i>or</i> slurred (4 notes to a bow), at examiner's choice; even notes
SCALE IN BROKEN THIRDS		
G major (as example on page 15)	1 oct.	slurred (2 notes to a bow); even notes

 $\textbf{SIGHT-READING:} \ a \ short \ piece \ of \ previously \ unseen \ music; for \ further \ details \ see \ pages \ 12 \ \& \ 20-21$

AURAL TESTS: administered by the examiner from the piano; for further details see pages 94 & 99

PREREQUISITE FOR ENTRY: ABRSM Grade 5 (or above) in Music Theory, Practical Musicianship or any solo Jazz instrument. For alternatives, see www.abrsm.org/prerequisite.

THREE PIECES: one chosen by the candidate from each of the three Lists, $\bf A$, $\bf B$ and $\bf C$; for further details see pages 9-11

		COMPOSER	PIECE / WORK / ARRANGER	PUBLICATION (PUBLISHER)
Α	1	Beethoven	Minuet, arr. Zimmerman	Solos for the Double Bass Player (G. Schirmer)
	2	Capuzzi	Allegro (1st movt from Concerto in D)	Capuzzi: Concerto in D (Yorke)
	3	Cimador	Allegro (3rd movt from Concerto in G)	Cimador: Concerto in G (Yorke)
	4	Dragonetti	Waltz No. 3 (from 12 Waltzes) 8va optional SOLO	Dragonetti: 12 Waltzes for Double Bass Solo (Henle)
	5	Galliard	Allegro (2nd movt from Sonata in F)	Galliard: Sonata in F (IMC)
	6	attrib. Giovannino	Allegro (1st movt from <i>Sonata in F</i>)	Giovannino: Sonata in F (Yorke)
	7	Handel	Adagio <i>and</i> Allegro (1st <i>and</i> 2nd movts from <i>Viola da Gamba Sonata in C</i>), arr. Heyes	Handel: Gamba Sonata in C (Recital Music)
	8	B. Marcello	Adagio <i>and</i> Allegro (1st <i>and</i> 2nd movts from <i>Sonata in A minor</i> , Op. 2 No. 3)	B. Marcello: Sonata in A minor (IMC) or B. Marcello: Six Sonatas (G. Schirmer)
	9	Telemann	Allegro (4th movt from <i>Sonata in A minor</i> , TWV 41:a6), trans. Sankey	Telemann: Sonata in A minor (IMC)
	10	Vivaldi	Largo and Allegro (1st and 2nd movts from Sonata No. 2 in F, RV 41) low Cs & Ds may be adapted in cello edns	Vivaldi: Sonata No. 2 in F major, trans. Zimmermann (IMC) or Vivaldi: Complete Sonatas for Violoncello (Bärenreiter) or Vivaldi: Six Sonatas for Violoncello (Schott)
В	1	J. S. Bach	Largo (from BWV 1056), arr. Close & Sassmannshaus	Concert Pieces for Double Bass (Bärenreiter)
	2	Glinka	Susanin's Aria, arr. Rimsky-Korsakov	Glinka: Two Russian Arias (Recital Music)
	3	Hegner	Romance	Hegner: Romance (Recital Music)
	4	Jacob	Largo (2nd movt from A Little Concerto)	Jacob: A Little Concerto (Yorke)
	5	Pichl	Andante molto (2nd movt from Concerto in C)	Pichl: Concerto in C (Bartholomew)
	6	Ratez	Cantabile (No. 2 from $Six\ pièces\ caractéristiques,$ Op. 46)	Ratez: Six pièces caractéristiques, Op. 46: No. 2 Cantabile (Billaudot) or Ratez: Characteristic Pieces, Book 1 (Recital Music)
	7	Rossini	Une larme	Rossini: Une larme (Recital Music)
	8	Schumann	Träumerei, Op. 15 No. 7, arr. Heyes	Miniatures, Book 2 (Recital Music)
	9	Verdi	Aria (from Rigoletto), arr. Zimmerman	Solos for the Double Bass Player (G. Schirmer)
	10	J. P. Waud	Novelette	Yorke Solos for Double Bass, Vol. 1 (Yorke)
C	1	D. Bourgeois	Tempo di valse (No. 4 from Fantasy Pieces for Double Bass) SOLO	D. Bourgeois: Fantasy Pieces for Double Bass (Brass Wind)
	2	Boguslaw Furtok	Concert Piece	Early Start on the Double Bass, Vol. 3 (Bärenreiter)
	3	Hester	The Bull Steps Out	Hester: The Bull Steps Out (Yorke)
	4	B. Hummel	Allegro (1st movt from Sonatina, Op. 69b)	B. Hummel: Sonatine, Op. 69b (Simrock)
	5	Dennis Leogrande	May I?	Dennis Leogrande: May I? (Spartan Press)
	6	Noskowski	Elegy Polonaise	Miniatures, Book 1 (Recital Music)
	7	Armand Russell	Chaconne	Solos for the Double Bass Player (G. Schirmer)
	8	Simandl	Tempo di polacca, arr. Durkee	Suzuki Bass School, Vol. 4 (Alfred) \oplus
	9	Bertram Turetzky	Pacific Parables SOLO	Bertram Turetzky: Pacific Parables (Recital Music)
	10	David Walter	The Elephant's Gavotte	David Walter: The Elephant's Gavotte (Yorke)

SCALES AND ARPEGGIOS: from memory; for further details (including examples) see pages 11, 14-15 & 19

	RANGE	REQUIREMENTS
SCALES		
F#, Ab/G#, Bb, C majors and minors (minors harmonic <i>and</i> melodic)	2 oct.	separate bows <i>or</i> slurred (2 beats to a bow), at examiner's choice; even notes <i>or</i> long tonic, at candidate's choice
SCALES IN THUMB POSITION		
D major and minor starting with thumb on D string: (minor harmonic and melodic)	1 oct.	separate bows <i>or</i> slurred (2 beats to a bow), at examiner's choice; even notes <i>or</i> long tonic, at candidate's choice
ARPEGGIOS		
F#, АЬ/G#, ВЬ, C majors and minors	2 oct.	separate bows <i>or</i> slurred (3 notes to a bow), at examiner's choice; even notes
DOMINANT SEVENTHS (resolving on tonic)		
in the keys of B, D♭ and E♭	2 oct.	separate bows <i>or</i> slurred (2 notes to a bow), at examiner's choice; even notes
DIMINISHED SEVENTHS		
starting on F#, Ab and Bb	2 oct.	separate bows <i>or</i> slurred (2 notes to a bow), at examiner's choice; even notes
CHROMATIC SCALES		
starting on F#, Ab and Bb	2 oct.	separate bows <i>or</i> slurred (6 notes to a bow), at examiner's choice; even notes
DOUBLE-STOP SCALE IN BROKEN STEPS		
in thirds, in B♭ major	1 oct.	see page 14

SIGHT-READING: a short piece of previously unseen music; for further details see pages 12 & 20-21

AURAL TESTS: administered by the examiner from the piano; for further details see pages 94 & 100

 $\label{eq:precedure} \textbf{PREREQUISITE FOR ENTRY:} \ ABRSM \ Grade \ 5 \ (or above) \ in \ Music Theory, Practical \ Musicianship \ or \ any solo \ Jazz \ instrument. For alternatives, see \ www.abrsm.org/prerequisite.$

THREE PIECES: one chosen by the candidate from each of the three Lists, $\bf A$, $\bf B$ and $\bf C$; for further details see pages 9-11

		1 0		
		COMPOSER	PIECE / WORK / ARRANGER	PUBLICATION (PUBLISHER)
A	1	J. S. Bach	Courante (from <i>Cello Suite No.1 in C</i> , BWV 1007), trans. Sterling solo	J. S. Bach: Solo-Suiten für Kontrabass, Suites 1–3 (Peters)
	2	Cimador	Allegro (1st movt from Concerto in G)	Cimador: Concerto in G (Yorke)
	3	De Fesch	Siciliano: Andante and Allemande (1st and 2nd movts from <i>Sonata in D minor</i>), arr. Siebach & Schlenker	De Fesch: Sonata in D minor (Hofmeister)
	4	Dragonetti	Waltz No. 6 (from 12 Waltzes) SOLO	Dragonetti: 12 Waltzes for Double Bass Solo (Henle)
		attrib. H. Eccles	Adagio <i>and</i> Corrente: Allegro con spirito (3rd <i>and</i> 2nd movts from <i>Sonata in G minor</i>), trans. Zimmermann	H. Eccles: Sonata in G minor (IMC)
	6	Handel	Adagio <i>and</i> Allegro (1st <i>and</i> 2nd movts from <i>Sonata in C minor</i>), arr. Zimmerman	Solos for the Double Bass Player (G. Schirmer)
	7	Mozart	$\label{eq:all-bound} \begin{array}{ll} \text{Allegro (1st movt from } \textit{Bassoon Concerto}, \\ \text{K.191), trans. Sankey} & \textit{without 8va ad lib.; ending} \\ \textit{at b. 152} \end{array}$	Mozart: Bassoon Concerto in Вь, К.191 (IMC)
	8	Pichl	Allegro moderato (1st movt from $Concerto\ in\ C)$	Pichl: Concerto in C (Bartholomew)
	9	Telemann	Cantabile <i>and</i> Allegro (1st <i>and</i> 2nd movts from <i>Viola da Gamba Sonata in E minor</i> , TWV 41:e5), trans. Sankey	Telemann: Sonata in E minor (IMC)
	10	Vivaldi	Largo and Allegro (1st and 2nd movts from Sonata No. 3 in A minor, RV 43) low Cs & Ds may be adapted in cello edns	Vivaldi: Sonata No. 3 in A minor, trans. Zimmermann (IMC) or Vivaldi: Complete Sonatas for Violoncello (Bärenreiter) or Vivaldi: Six Sonatas for Violoncello (Schott)
В	1	Bellini	Final de <i>La somnambule</i> , arr. Bottesini	Arias for Double Bass and Piano (Yorke)
	2	Bottesini	Rêverie	Bottesini: Rêverie for Double Bass and Piano (Recital Music)
	3	Dittersdorf	Adagio (2nd movt from Concerto No. 2)	Dittersdorf: Concertos for Double Bass (Yorke)
	4	Fauré	Sicilienne, Op. 78, arr. Close & Sassmannshaus	Concert Pieces for Double Bass (Bärenreiter)
		Boguslaw Furtok	Elegie	Concert Pieces for Double Bass (Bärenreiter)
	6	C. Nielsen	Romanze (No.1 from <i>Fantasy Pieces</i> , Op.2), trans. Drew	C. Nielsen: Fantasy Pieces, Op. 2 (St. Francis Music Publications)
	7	Rachmaninoff	Vocalise (No.14 from <i>14 Songs</i> , Op. 34), arr. Zimmerman	Solos for the Double Bass Player (G. Schirmer)
	8	Sullivan	Idyll, arr. Frampton	Sullivan: Idyll (Four Bass Music)
	9	Tartini	Adagio cantabile, Op. 65, trans. Drew	Tartini: Adagio cantabile, Op. 65 (St. Francis Music Publications)
	10	Tuláček	Chant d'amour (No.3 from <i>Three Pieces for Double Bass and Piano</i>)	Tuláček: Three Pieces for Double Bass and Piano (Recital Music)
C		Christopher Benstead	Finale: Presto (No. 4 from Four Episodes)	Christopher Benstead: Four Episodes (Yorke)
	2	D. Bourgeois	Allegro commodo (No. 8 from Fantasy Pieces for Double Bass) solo	D. Bourgeois: Fantasy Pieces for Double Bass (Brass Wind)
		Miloslav Gajdoš	Capriccio No.5 solo	Miloslav Gajdoš: Selected Works for Bass: Capriccios, Solos, and Reflexes (Presser)
			0 1 0 10	Cff(-C
	4	Gouffé	Concertino, Op.10	Gouffé: Concertino, Op. 10 (Billaudot)

	COMPOSER	PIECE / WORK / ARRANGER	PUBLICATION (PUBLISHER)
6	Jacob	Allegro (3rd movt from A Little Concerto) with printed cadenza	Jacob: A Little Concerto (Yorke)
7	Bryan Kelly	Ariel (from Caliban and Ariel)	Bryan Kelly: Caliban and Ariel (Yorke)
8	Piazzolla	Kicho starting at Allegro	Piazzolla: Kicho (Tonos)
9	Semler- Collery	Barcarolle et Chanson Bachique complete	Semler-Collery: Barcarolle et Chanson Bachique (Leduc)
10	Bertram Turetzky	Blues for Ray SOLO	Bertram Turetzky: Blues for Bass (Recital Music)

SCALES AND ARPEGGIOS: from memory; for further details (including examples) see pages 11, 14-15 & 19

	RANGE	REQUIREMENTS
SCALES		
B, Db/C#, D, Eb majors and minors (minors harmonic <i>and</i> melodic)	2 oct.	separate bows <i>or</i> slurred (7 notes to a bow), at examiner's choice:
E, G majors and minors (minors harmonic <i>and</i> melodic)	3 oct.	even notes <i>or</i> long tonic, at candidate's choice
ARPEGGIOS		
B, D majors and minors	2 oct.	separate bows or slurred (3 notes to a bow), at
E, G majors and minors	3 oct.	examiner's choice; even notes
DOMINANT SEVENTHS (resolving on tonic)		
in the keys of A, C, E and G	2 oct.	separate bows <i>or</i> slurred (4 notes to a bow), at examiner's choice; even notes
DIMINISHED SEVENTHS		
starting on E, G, B and D	2 oct.	separate bows <i>or</i> slurred (4 notes to a bow), at examiner's choice; even notes
CHROMATIC SCALES		
starting on E, G, B and D	2 oct.	separate bows <i>or</i> slurred (6 notes to a bow), at examiner's choice; even notes
DOUBLE-STOP SCALE IN BROKEN STEPS		
in thirds, in D major	1 oct.	see page 14
SCALE IN RUNNING THIRDS		
G major (as example on page 15)	1 oct.	slurred (3 notes to a bow); even notes

 $\textbf{SIGHT-READING:} \ a \ short \ piece \ of \ previously \ unseen \ music; for \ further \ details \ see \ pages \ 12 \ \& \ 20-21$

 $\textbf{AURAL TESTS:} \ administered \ by \ the \ examiner \ from \ the \ piano; for \ further \ details \ see \ pages \ 94 \ \& \ 101$

AURAL TESTS: included in all Graded Exams in Music Performance*

Listening lies at the heart of all good music-making. Developing aural awareness is fundamental to musical training because having a 'musical ear' impacts on all aspects of musicianship. Singing, both silently in the head and out loud, is one of the best ways to develop the 'musical ear'. It connects the internal imagining of sound, the 'inner ear', with the external creation of it, without the necessity of mechanically having to 'find the note' on an instrument (important though that connection is). By integrating aural activities in imaginative ways in the lesson, preparation for the aural tests within an exam will be a natural extension of what is already an essential part of the learning experience.

In the exam

Aural tests are an integral part of all Graded Exams in Music Performance.

The tests are administered by the examiner from the piano. For any test that requires a sung response, pitch rather than vocal quality is being assessed. The examiner will be happy to adapt to the vocal range of the candidate, whose responses may be sung to any vowel (or consonant followed by a vowel), hummed or whistled (and at a different octave, if appropriate).

Assessment

Some tests allow for a second attempt or for an additional playing by the examiner, if necessary. The examiner will also be ready to prompt, where helpful, although this may affect the assessment.

Marks are not awarded for each individual test or deducted for mistakes; instead they reflect the candidate's overall response in this section. The marking criteria for the aural tests are given on p. 107.

Sample tests

Examples of the tests for Grades Initial–8 are given in *Specimen Aural Tests*. More examples for Grades 1–8 are given in *Aural Training in Practice*. These publications are available to buy from music retailers and from www.abrsm.org/shop.

Deaf or hearing-impaired candidates

Deaf or hearing-impaired candidates may choose alternative tests in place of the standard tests, if requested at the time of entry. Further information, including the syllabus for the alternative tests, is available at www.abrsm.org/specificneeds.

INITIAL GRADE

- A To clap the pulse of a piece played by the examiner. The examiner will start playing the passage, and the candidate should join in as soon as possible, clapping in time.
- **B** To clap as 'echoes' the rhythm of two phrases played by the examiner. The phrases will be two bars long, in three or four time, and consist of a melody line only. The examiner will count in two bars. After the examiner has played each phrase, the candidate should clap back the rhythm as an 'echo' without a pause, keeping in time.
- **C** To sing as 'echoes' two phrases played by the examiner. The phrases will be one bar long in 4/4 time. They will be in a major key, and within the range of tonic-mediant. First the examiner will play the key-chord and the starting note (the tonic) and then count in two bars. After the examiner has played each phrase, the candidate should sing back the echo without a pause, keeping in time.
- **D** To answer a question about one feature of a piece played by the examiner. Before playing, the examiner will tell the candidate which feature the question will be about. It will be about dynamics (loud/quiet) or articulation (smooth/detached).

- A To clap the pulse of a piece played by the examiner, and to identify whether it is in two time or three time. The examiner will start playing the passage, and the candidate should join in as soon as possible, clapping in time and giving a louder clap on the strong beats. The examiner will then ask whether the music is in two time or three time. The candidate is *not* required to state the time signature.
- B To sing as 'echoes' three phrases played by the examiner. The phrases will be two bars long, in a major key, and within the range of tonic-mediant. First the examiner will play the key-chord and the starting note (the tonic) and then count in two bars. After the examiner has played each phrase, the candidate should sing back the echo without a pause, keeping in time.
- C To identify where a change in pitch occurs during a phrase played by the examiner. The phrase will be two bars long, in a major key, and the change will affect only one of the notes. First the examiner will play the key-chord and the tonic and then count in two bars. The examiner will play the phrase twice, making the change in the second playing, after which the candidate should state whether the change was near the beginning or near the end. If necessary, the examiner will play both versions of the phrase again (although this may affect the assessment).
- **D** To answer questions about two features of a piece played by the examiner. Before playing, the examiner will tell the candidate which two features the questions will be about. The first will be: dynamics (loud/quiet, or sudden/gradual changes); the second will be articulation (smooth/detached).

- A To clap the pulse of a piece played by the examiner, and to identify whether it is in two time or three time. The examiner will start playing the passage, and the candidate should join in as soon as possible, clapping in time and giving a louder clap on the strong beats. The examiner will then ask whether the music is in two time or three time. The candidate is *not* required to state the time signature.
- **B** To sing as 'echoes' three phrases played by the examiner. The phrases will be two bars long, in a major key, and within the range of tonic-dominant. First the examiner will play the key-chord and the starting note (the tonic) and then count in two bars. After the examiner has played each phrase, the candidate should sing back the echo without a pause, keeping in time.
- C To identify a change in either pitch or rhythm during a phrase played by the examiner. The phrase will be two bars long, in a major key. First the examiner will play the key-chord and the tonic and then count in two bars. The examiner will play the phrase twice, making the change in the second playing, after which the candidate should identify the change by describing it, or singing/clapping. If necessary, the examiner will play both versions of the phrase again (although this may affect the assessment).
- **D** To answer questions about two features of a piece played by the examiner. Before playing, the examiner will tell the candidate which two features the questions will be about. The first will be *one* of the following: dynamics (loud/quiet, or sudden/gradual changes), articulation (smooth/detached); the second will be tempo (becoming slower/faster, or staying the same).

- A To clap the pulse of a piece played by the examiner, and to identify whether it is in two time, three time or four time. The examiner will start playing the passage, and the candidate should join in as soon as possible, clapping in time and giving a louder clap on the strong beats. The examiner will then ask whether the music is in two time, three time or four time. The candidate is *not* required to state the time signature.
- **B** To sing as 'echoes' three phrases played by the examiner. The phrases will be two bars long, in a major or minor key, and within the range of an octave. First the examiner will play the key-chord and the starting note and then count in two bars. After the examiner has played each phrase, the candidate should sing back the echo without a pause, keeping in time.
- C To identify a change in either pitch or rhythm during a phrase played by the examiner. The phrase will be up to four bars long, in a major or minor key. First the examiner will play the key-chord and the tonic and then count in two bars. The examiner will play the phrase twice, making the change in the second playing, after which the candidate should identify the change by describing it, or singing/clapping. If necessary, the examiner will play both versions of the phrase again (although this may affect the assessment).

Grade 3 cont.

D To answer questions about two features of a piece played by the examiner. Before playing, the examiner will tell the candidate which two features the questions will be about. The first will be *one* of the following: dynamics (loud/quiet, or sudden/gradual changes), articulation (smooth/detached), tempo (becoming slower/faster, or staying the same); the second will be tonality (major/minor key).

- A To sing or play from memory a melody played twice by the examiner. The melody will be within the range of an octave, in a major or minor key with up to three sharps or flats. First the examiner will play the key-chord and the starting note and then count in two bars. (If the candidate chooses to play, the examiner will also name the key-chord and the starting note, as appropriate for the instrument.) If necessary, the examiner will play the melody again and allow a second attempt (although this may affect the assessment).
- **B** To sing five notes from score in free time. The candidate may choose to sing from treble or bass clef. The notes will be within the range of a third above and below the tonic in the key of C, F or G major. The test will begin and end on the tonic and will not contain intervals greater than a third. First the examiner will name and play the key-chord and the starting note. If necessary, the examiner will help the candidate by playing and identifying the correct note if any note is sung at the wrong pitch.
- C (i) To answer questions about two features of a piece played by the examiner. Before playing, the examiner will tell the candidate which two features the questions will be about. The first will be *one* of the following: dynamics, articulation, tempo, tonality; the second will be character.
 - (ii) To clap the rhythm of the notes in an extract from the same piece, and to identify whether it is in two time, three time or four time. The examiner will play the extract twice (unharmonised), after which the candidate should clap back the rhythm. The examiner will then ask whether the music is in two time, three time or four time. The candidate is *not* required to state the time signature.

- A To sing or play from memory a melody played twice by the examiner. The melody will be within the range of an octave, in a major or minor key with up to three sharps or flats. First the examiner will play the key-chord and the starting note and then count in two bars. (If the candidate chooses to play, the examiner will also name the key-chord and the starting note, as appropriate for the instrument.) If necessary, the examiner will play the melody again and allow a second attempt (although this may affect the assessment).
- B To sing six notes from score in free time. The candidate may choose to sing from treble or bass clef. The notes will be within the range of a fifth above and a fourth below the tonic, in a major key with up to two sharps or flats. The test will begin and end on the tonic and will not contain intervals greater than a third, except for the rising fourth from dominant to tonic. First the examiner will name and play the key-chord and the starting note. If necessary, the examiner will help the candidate by playing and identifying the correct note if any note is sung at the wrong pitch.
- **C** (i) To answer questions about two features of a piece played by the examiner. Before playing, the examiner will tell the candidate which two features the questions will be about. The first will be *one* of the following: dynamics, articulation, tempo, tonality, character; the second will be style and period.
 - (ii) To clap the rhythm of the notes in an extract from the same piece, and to identify whether it is in two time, three time or four time. The examiner will play the extract twice (unharmonised), after which the candidate should clap back the rhythm. The examiner will then ask whether the music is in two time, three time or four time. The candidate is *not* required to state the time signature.

- A To sing or play from memory the *upper* part of a two-part phrase played twice by the examiner. The upper part will be within the range of an octave, in a major or minor key with up to three sharps or flats. First the examiner will play the key-chord and the starting note and then count in two bars. (If the candidate chooses to play, the examiner will also name the key-chord and the starting note, as appropriate for the instrument.) If necessary, the examiner will play the phrase again and allow a second attempt (although this may affect the assessment).
- B To sing a melody from score, with an accompaniment played by the examiner. The candidate may choose to sing from treble or bass clef. The melody will be within the range of an octave, in a major or minor key with up to three sharps or flats. First the examiner will name and play the key-chord and the starting note and then give the pulse. A brief period of preparation will follow during which the candidate may sing out loud. The examiner will play the key-chord and the starting note again and then count in two bars. If necessary, the examiner will allow a second attempt (although this may affect the assessment).
- C To identify the cadence at the end of a phrase as perfect or imperfect. The phrase will be in a major or minor key and will be played twice by the examiner. The chords forming the cadence will be in root position. Before the first playing, the examiner will play the keychord.
- **D** (i) To answer questions about two features of a piece played by the examiner. Before playing, the examiner will tell the candidate which two features the questions will be about. The first will be: texture or structure; the second will be *one* of the following: dynamics, articulation, tempo, tonality, character, style and period, texture/structure.
 - (ii) To clap the rhythm of the notes in an extract from the same piece, and to identify whether it is in two time, three time or four time. The examiner will play the extract twice (unharmonised), after which the candidate should clap back the rhythm. The examiner will then ask whether the music is in two time, three time or four time. The candidate is *not* required to state the time signature.

- A To sing or play from memory the *lower* part of a two-part phrase played twice by the examiner. The lower part will be within the range of an octave, in a major or minor key with up to three sharps or flats. First the examiner will play the key-chord and the starting note and then count in two bars. (If the candidate chooses to play, the examiner will also name the key-chord and the starting note, as appropriate for the instrument.) If necessary, the examiner will play the phrase again and allow a second attempt (although this may affect the assessment).
- B To sing the *upper* part of a two-part phrase from score, with the lower part played by the examiner. The candidate may choose to sing from treble or bass clef. The upper part will be within the range of an octave, in a major or minor key with up to four sharps or flats. First the examiner will name and play the key-chord and the starting note and then give the pulse. A brief period of preparation will follow during which the candidate may sing out loud. The examiner will play the key-chord and the starting note again and then count in two bars. If necessary, the examiner will allow a second attempt (although this may affect the assessment).
- C (i) To identify the cadence at the end of a phrase as perfect, imperfect or interrupted. The phrase will be in a major or minor key and will be played twice by the examiner. The chords forming the cadence will be in root position. Before the first playing, the examiner will play the key-chord.
 - (ii) To identify the two chords forming the above cadence. The chords will be limited to the tonic, subdominant, dominant, dominant seventh or submediant (all in root position). First the examiner will name and play the key-chord, then play the two chords as a pair. The candidate may answer using technical names (tonic, dominant, etc.), chord numbers (I, V, etc.) or letter names (C major, G major, etc.).
 - (iii) To identify whether the modulation at the end of a different passage is to the dominant, subdominant or relative minor. The passage, played once by the examiner, will begin in a major key. First the examiner will name and play the starting key-chord. The candidate may answer using technical names (dominant, subdominant, relative minor) or the letter name of the new key.
- **D** (i) To answer questions about two features of a piece played by the examiner. Before playing, the examiner will tell the candidate which two of the following features the questions will be about: dynamics, articulation, tempo, tonality, character, style and period, texture, structure.
 - (ii) To clap the rhythm of the notes in an extract from the same piece, and to identify whether it is in two time, three time, four time or 6/8 time. The examiner will play the extract twice (unharmonised), after which the candidate should clap back the rhythm. The examiner will then ask whether the music is in two time, three time, four time or 6/8 time.

- A (i) To sing or play from memory the *lowest* part of a three-part phrase played twice by the examiner. The lowest part will be within the range of an octave, in a major or minor key with up to three sharps or flats. First the examiner will play the key-chord and the starting note and then count in two bars. (If the candidate chooses to play, the examiner will also name the key-chord and the starting note, as appropriate for the instrument.) If necessary, the examiner will play the phrase again and allow a second attempt (although this may affect the assessment).
 - (ii) To identify the cadence at the end of a continuing phrase as perfect, imperfect, interrupted or plagal. The phrase will be in a major or minor key and will be played twice by the examiner. The chords forming the cadence will be limited to the tonic (root position, first or second inversions), supertonic (root position or first inversion), subdominant (root position), dominant (root position, first or second inversions), dominant seventh (root position) or submediant (root position). Before the first playing, the examiner will play the key-chord.
 - (iii) To identify the three chords (including their positions) forming the above cadential progression. The chords will be limited to the tonic (root position, first or second inversions), supertonic (root position or first inversion), subdominant (root position), dominant (root position, first or second inversions), dominant seventh (root position) or submediant (root position). First the examiner will name and play the key-chord, then play the three chords in sequence, finally playing each chord individually, pausing for the candidate to identify it. The candidate may answer using technical names (tonic, first inversion, etc.), chord numbers (Ib, etc.) or letter names (C major in first inversion, etc.).
- B To sing the *lower* part of a two-part phrase from score, with the upper part played by the examiner. The candidate may choose to sing from treble or bass clef. The lower part will be within the range of an octave, in a major or minor key with up to four sharps or flats. First the examiner will name and play the key-chord and the starting note and then give the pulse. A brief period of preparation will follow during which the candidate may sing out loud. The examiner will play the key-chord and the starting note again and then count in two bars. If necessary, the examiner will allow a second attempt (although this may affect the assessment).
- C To identify whether the modulations at the end of two different passages are to the dominant, subdominant or relative minor/major. The first passage will begin in a major key and the second will begin in a minor key; each passage will be played once by the examiner. Before playing each passage, the examiner will name and play the starting key-chord. The candidate may answer using technical names (dominant*, subdominant, relative minor/major) or the letter name of the new key. (* Minor-key passages may modulate to the dominant major or minor but the candidate is only required to specify 'dominant' in such cases.)
- **D** To describe the characteristic features of a piece played by the examiner. After hearing the piece, the candidate should describe any notable features (such as texture, structure, character, style and period, etc.). The examiner will prompt the candidate with questions only if this becomes necessary.

MARKING CRITERIA

Grades Initial-8	Pieces Pitch	Time	Tone	Shape	Performance
Distinction 27-30	 Highly accurate notes and intonation 	 Fluent, with flexibility where appropriate Rhythmic character well conveyed 	Well projectedSensitive use of tonal qualities	 Expressive, idiomatic musical shaping and detail 	AssuredFully committedVivid communication of character and style
Merit 24-26	 Largely accurate notes and intonation 	Sustained, effective tempoGood sense of rhythm	 Mainly controlled and consistent Good tonal awareness 	 Clear musical shaping, well-realised detail 	 Positive Carrying musical conviction Character and style communicated
Pass 20-23	 Generally correct notes Sufficiently reliable intonation to maintain tonality 	Suitable tempoGenerally stable pulseOverall rhythmicaccuracy	Generally reliableAdequate tonalawareness	 Some realisation of musical shape and/or detail 	 Generally secure, prompt recovery from slips Some musical involvement
Below Pass 17-19	Frequent note errorsInsufficiently reliable intonation to maintain tonality	Unsuitable and/or uncontrolled tempo Irregular pulse Inaccurate rhythm	 Uneven and/or unreliable Inadequate tonal awareness 	 Musical shape and detail insufficiently conveyed 	Insecure, inadequate recovery from slipsInsufficient musical involvement
13-16	 Largely inaccurate notes and/or intonation 	 Erratic tempo and/or pulse 	 Serious lack of tonal control 	 Musical shape and detail largely unrealised 	Lacking continuityNo musical involvement
10-12	 Highly inaccurate notes and/or intonation 	 Incoherent tempo and/or pulse 	No tonal control	No shape or detail	Unable to continue for more than a short section
0	No work offered	No work offered	No work offered	No work offered	No work offered

Grades Initial-8	Scales and arpeggios	Sight-reading	Grades Initial-8	Aural tests
Distinction 19-21	 Highly accurate notes/pitch Fluent and rhythmic Musically shaped Confident response 	 Fluent, rhythmically accurate Accurate notes/pitch/key Musical detail realised Confident presentation 	Distinction 17-18	Accurate throughout Musically perceptive Confident response
Merit 17-18	 Largely accurate notes/pitch Mostly regular flow Mainly even tone Secure response 	 Adequate tempo, usually steady pulse Mainly correct rhythm Largely correct notes/pitch/key Largely secure presentation 	Merit 15-16	Strengths significantly outweigh weaknesses Musically aware Secure response
Pass 14-16	 Generally correct notes/pitch, despite errors Continuity generally maintained Generally reliable tone Cautious response 	 Continuity generally maintained Note values mostly realised Pitch outlines in place, despite errors Cautious presentation 	Pass 12-14	Strengths just outweigh weaknesses Cautious response
Below Pass 11-13	 Frequent errors in notes and/or pitch Lacking continuity and/or some items incomplete Unreliable tone Uncertain response and/or some items not attempted 	 Lacking overall continuity Incorrect note values Very approximate notes/pitch/key Insecure presentation 	Below Pass 9-11	 Weaknesses outweigh strengths Uncertain response
7-10	 Very approximate notes and/or pitch Sporadic and/or frequently incomplete Serious lack of tonal control Very uncertain response and/or several items not attempted 	 No continuity or incomplete Note values unrealised Pitch outlines absent Very uncertain presentation 	8-9	Inaccuracy throughout Vague response
0	No work offered	No work offered	0	No work offered



List

Singers only: unaccompanied traditional song: